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(57) 【要約】

【課題】 ブレード用、エクステンション用をはじめとする人工毛髪用繊維であって、クリンプ加工での形状の付き易さ、三つ編み等の手作業時の扱い易さに優れ、しかも好ましい風合を有する人工毛髪用繊維を提供すること。

【解決手段】 重合体からなる合成繊維であって、断面形状が、長軸の長さしと短軸の長さWの比(レ/W)が $7/1\sim3/1$ の扁平形状で、かつ長軸が、その1箇所又は2箇所で、90°好ましくは120°を超える角度 θ で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有し、単糸繊度が30~70デニールの人工毛髪用繊維。

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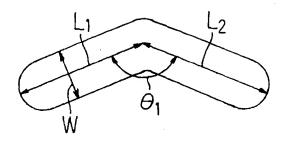
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(57) [Abstract]

[Problem] Being a fiber for artificial hair which begins for braid and one for extension, attachment easiness of geometry in crimping, it is superiorin ease of handling of three knitting or other manual operation time, furthermore offer fiberfor artificial hair which possesses desirable texture.

[Means of Solution] Being a synthetic fiber which consists of p olymer, cross section shape, length L of the long axis and ratio (L/W) of length W of short axis with flat shape of the 7/1 to 3/1, at same time long axis, with 1 site or 2 site, thebending or to have cross section shape which curves with angle which exceeds the 90° preferably 120°, single fiber fineness fiber

for artificial hair of 30 to 70 denier.



【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 重合体からなる合成繊維であって、断面形状が、長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWの比(L/W)が7/1~3/1の範囲内にある扁平形状で、単糸繊度が30~70デニールの範囲であることを特徴とする人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項2】 前記長軸が、90°を超える角度 6 で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する請求項1記載の人工毛 髪用繊維。

【請求項3】 前記長軸が、その2箇所で、90°を超える角度θで屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する請求項1記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項4】 長軸が、120°を超える角度で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する請求項2又は請求項3に記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項5】 前記長軸が、165°以上、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する請求項2 又は請求項3に記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項6】 前記重合体が、アクリロニトリルを30 重量%以上含有するアクリル系重合体である請求項1~ 請求項5のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項7】 前記重合体が、重合度600~1500 である塩化ビニルの単独重合体、又は塩化ビニルを主体 とする共重合体、又は両者の混合物である請求項1~請 求項5のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項8】 前記重合体が、ポリオレフィンである請求項1~請求項5のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] Being a synthetic fiber which consists of polymer, c ross section shape, with flat shapewhere length L of long axis and ratio (L/W) of length W of the short axis is inside range of 7/1 to 3/1, fiber for artificial hair which designates that single fiber fineness is range of 30 to 70 denier as feature.

[Claim 2] Aforementioned long axis, with angle which exc eeds 90° thebending or fiber for artificial hair which is stated in Claim 1 whichpossesses cross section shape which curves.

[Claim 3] Aforementioned long axis, with 2 site, with angle which exceeds the 90° bending or fiber for artificial hair which is stated in the Claim 1 which possesses cross section shape which curves.

[Claim4] Long axis, with angle which exceeds 120° bending or the fiber for artificial hair which is stated in Claim 2 or Claim 3 which possesses the cross section shape which curves.

[Claim 5] Aforementioned long axis, in range under 165° or greater and 180° thebending or fiber for artificial hair which is stated in Claim 2 or Claim 3 which possesses cross section shape which curves.

[Claim6] Aforementioned polymer, fiber for artificial hair which is stated in the any of Claim I to Claim 5 which is a acrylic polymer which acrylonitrile 30 weight % or more is contained.

[Claim 7] Aforementioned polymer, homopolymer of vinyl c hloride which is a degree of polymerization 600 to 1500, the copolymer, fiber for artificial hair which is stated in any of the Claim 1 to Claim 5 which is or both which designate or the vinyl chloride as main component a blend.

[Claim 8] Aforementioned polymer, fiber for artificial hair which is stated in the any of Claim 1 to Claim 5 which is a polyolefin.

【請求項9】 前記重合体が、ナイロンである請求項1 ~請求項5のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項10】 前記重合体が、ポリエステルである請求項1~請求項5のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項11】 頭髪装飾用である請求項1~請求項1 0のいずれかに記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項12】 頭髪装飾が、かつら、ヘアピース、ブレード、エクステンションヘアー、又はドールヘアーである請求項11記載の人工毛髪用繊維。

【請求項13】 重合体からなる合成繊維からなる繊維 東であって、全繊維中に、断面形状が長軸の長さしと短 軸の長さWの比(L/W)が7/1~3/1の範囲内に ある扁平形状で、且つ、単糸繊度が30~70デニール の範囲である繊維が、全体の繊維本数の90%以上含ま れていることを特徴とする人工毛髪用繊維束。

【請求項14】 前記長軸が、その1箇所又は2箇所で、165°以上、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する繊維が、全体の繊維本数の50~80%含まれている請求項13記載の人工毛髪用繊維束。

【請求項15】 繊維に捲縮加工を施して繊維束を形成してなることを特徴とする請求項13又は請求項14に記載の人工毛髪用繊維束。

【請求項16】 ブレード、エクステンションへアー用 である請求項13~請求項15のいずれかに記載の人工 毛髪用繊維束。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は、かつら、ヘアピース、ブレード、エクステンションヘアー、ドールヘアー等に用いられる人工毛髪用繊維及び繊維束に関するものである。特に、ブレード、エクステンションヘアーとして用いられた場合には、従来の毛髪用繊維に比べて風合が改善されて、適度な光沢とソフトな感触を有するものである。

[0002]

【従来の技術】一般に、カツラやヘアピース等の人工毛

[Claim 9] Aforementioned polymer, fiber for artificial hair which is stated in the any of Claim 1 to Claim 5 which is a nylon.

[Claim 10] Aforementioned polymer, fiber for artificial hair w hich is stated in the any of Claim 1 to Claim 5 which is a polyester.

[Claim 11] Fiber for artificial hair which is stated in any of Claim 1 to Claim 10 which is a for headhair decoration.

[Claim 12] Headhair decoration, at same time and others, hair piece, braid, the extension hair, fiber for artificial hair which is stated in Claim 11 which is a or - p11 hair.

[Claim 13] Being a fiber bundle which consists of synthetic fiber consisting of polymer, in the total fiber, cross section shape with flat shape where length L of long axis and the ratio (L/W) of length W of short axis is inside range of 7/1 to 3/1, the fiber where and single fiber fineness are range of 30 to 70 denier, the 90 % or higher of fiber number of entirety fiber bundle for artificial hair which designates that it is included as feature.

[Claim 14] Aforementioned long axis, with 1 site or 2 site, in range underthe 165° or greater and 180° bending or fiber which possesses the cross section shape which curves, 50 to 80% of fiber number of entirety fiber bundle for the artificial hair which is stated in Claim 13 which is included.

[Claim 15] Administering crimping process to fiber, forming fi ber bundle, fiber bundle forthe artificial hair which it states in Claim 13 or Claim 14 which designates that it becomes as feature.

[Claim 16] Fiber bundle for artificial hair which is stated in an y of Claim 13 to Claim 15 which is a braid and a for extension hair.

[Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Technological Field of Invention] As for this invention, at same time and others, it is a fiber for theartificial hair which is used for hair piece, braid, extension hair and F-jpl1 hair etc and something regarding fiber bundle. Especially, when it is used, as braid and extension hair texturebeing improved in comparison with fiber for conventional hair, it issomething which possesses suitable luster and soft feel.

[0002]

[Prior Art] Generally, acrylic type synthetic fiber or vinyl chlo

髮用繊維としては、アクリル系合成繊維、或いは塩化ビ ニル系合成繊維が多く用いられている。従来、人工毛髪 用繊維として、実開昭48-13277号、特公昭53 -6253号、実公昭48-6940号、実開昭63-78026号、特開昭55-51802号等に開示され たものがある。これらは、人工毛髪用繊維としての風合 いを改善するために、その断面形状を工夫したものであ る。例えば、実開昭48-13277号のかつら用フィ ラメントは、まゆ型断面形状における最長部分し、両端 の円形部分の径W、及び中央部のくびれた部分の幅Cの 長さを特定の範囲内に限定したものである。特公昭53 -6253号の人造毛髪用合成繊維は、繊維横断面にお ける重心を通る最大径(L)を所定の範囲に限定すると ともに、前記最大径(L)と直交に交わる方向の繊維の 横断面における外周と外周との間の最大長さ(W)と最 大径(L)との比(L/W)を1/1~1/5の範囲内 に限定したものである。実開昭63-78026号のウ ィッグ及びブレード用フィラメントは、断面が略円形若 しくは楕円形をなす四本の単位フィラメントが一本の単 位フィラメントに対し他の三本の単位フィラメントを等 間隔をもって放射状に隣り合った断面Y字形であって、 隣接するもの同士の接点が、該単位フィラメントの半径 に略等しい幅で接続したものである。又、特開昭55-51802号のかつら用フィラメントは、少なくとも2 個の扁平円を部分的に重ねた断面形状を有し、その短軸 の長さWと長軸の長さしとの比し/W、隣り合う2つの 扁平円の中心間の距離C、更に2つの扁平円の中心間を 結ぶ直線と扁平円の長軸のなす角度α等を限定したもの である。

【〇〇〇3】しかし、上記のような従来の人工毛髪用繊維として開発された繊維は、いずれも繊維断面形状の長さや角度が極めて限られた数値で限定された特異な形状を有しており、製造が必ずしも容易でないのに加えて、ブレード用やエクステンションへアー用として用いた場合に必ずしも好ましい風合を有するものではなく、スタイルの保持やストレート性を重視するあまり、硬い触感の繊維となりがちであった。又、手作業時の扱い易さといった点でも充分ではなかった。

ride synthetic fiber is mainly used as カッラ and fiber for hair piece or other artificial hair. Until recently, there are some which are disclosed in Japan Unexamined Utility Model Publication Showa 48 - 13277number, Japan Examined Patent Publication Sho 53 - 6253 number, Japan Examined Utility Model Publication Showa 48 - 6940 number, Japan Unexamined Utility Model Publication Showa 63 - 78026 number and the Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Showa 55 - 51802 number etc as fiber for artificial hair. These in order to improve texture as fiber for artificial hair, are something which devises cross section shape. for example Japan Unexamined Utility Model Publication Showa 48 - 13277 number and and others as for business filament, thediameter W of round part amount of longest portion L and both ends in evebrowtype cross section shape, it is something which limits length of width C of the portion where and center are constricted inside specificrange. As for synthetic fiber for artificial hair of Japan Examined Patent Publication Sho 53 -6253 number, as the maximum diameter (L) which passes by center of gravity in fiber cross-section is limited in specifiedrange, it is something which limits aforementioned maximum diameter (L) and theratio (L/W) of maximum length (W) and maximum diameter (L) with of outer perimeter and outer perimeter in the cross-section of fiber of direction which mixes to crossing insiderange of 1/1 to 1/5. As for wig of Japan Unexamined Utility Model Publication Showa 63 - 78026 number and filament for braid, fourunit filament where cross section almost forms round or elliptical vis-a-visone unit filament being a cross section Y-shape which is adjacent to radial other threeunit filament with equal spacing, contact point of those which are adjacent, is connected with abbreviation is something which equal width in he radius of said unit filament. also, Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Showa 55 - 51802 number and and others business filament has cross section shape whichflat circle of at least two partially is repeated, ratio L/W of the length W of short axis and length L of long axis, distance C betweenthe center of 2 flat circle which is adjacent, furthermore it issomething which limits straight line which ties between center of 2 flatcircle and angle etc which long axis of flat circle forms.

[0003] But, Was developed as description above as fiber for con ventional artificial hair as forthe fiber which, Which possessing unique geometry which is limited with numerical valuewhere length and angle of fiber cross section geometry quite are limited to be, Although production is not easy always, adding, it was not somethingwhich possesses always desirable texture when it uses for braidand as one for extension hair retention of style and remainderwhich seriously considers straight characteristic, it was tend to tobecome fiber of hard feel. It was not a satisfactory even in point such as ease of handling at time of the also, manual operation.

【0004】ところで、扁平繊維は、従来からパイル用途には広く用いられていたが、かつら等の人工毛髪用繊維としては、ヘタリ感等が敬遠され、人工毛髪用繊維としての用途には不向きと考えられていた。

[0005]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】本発明者らは、この扁平繊維について鋭意検討を重ねた結果、所定の扁平率、単糸繊維度を有する扁平繊維であるもの、好ましくは扁平な断面における長軸が所定の角度で屈曲した形状を含むものが、ブレード用、エクステンション用をはじめとする人工毛髪用繊維としての好ましい風合と、クリンプ加工での形状の付き易さや、三つ編み等の手作業時の扱い易さに優れていることを知見し、本発明を完成するに至った。

[0006]

【課題を解決するための手段】即ち本発明は、重合体か らなる合成繊維であって、図1に示すような断面形状が 長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWの比(L/W)が7/1~ 3/1の範囲内にある扁平形状で、単糸繊度が30~7 O デニール(以下、単に d と略記する。)の範囲である ことを特徴とする人工毛髪用繊維である。又、請求項2 に係る人工毛髪用繊維は、上記偏平繊維であって、しか も、その長軸が、90°を超える角度hetaで屈曲又は湾曲 した断面形状を有する繊維である。更に、請求項3に係 る人工毛髪用繊維は、前記長軸が、その2箇所で、90 °を超える角度θで屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する 繊維である。そして、請求項4に係る人工毛髪用繊維は 、上記偏平繊維であって、その長軸が、120°を超え る角度で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する繊維である 。更に、請求項5に係る人工毛髮用繊維は、前記長軸が 、165°以上、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲し た断面形状を有するものである。

【〇〇〇7】上記のような本発明に係る偏平繊維を人工毛髪用の繊維束として使用する場合、全繊維中に、断7 が長軸の長さしと短軸の長さWの比(レ/W)が7 /1~3/1の範囲内にある扁平形状で、且つ、単糸繊度が30~70デニールの範囲である繊維が、全体の繊維本数の90%以上含まれていることが好ましい。更に、前記繊維中、断面形状における長軸が、その1箇所以及は2箇所で165°以上、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有する繊維が全体の繊維本数の5 [0004] By way, flat fiber from was used for pile road untilrece ntly widely, limp feel etc was sidestepped, but at same timeand others as fiber for or other artificial hair, as fiber for artificial hair wasthought that it is unsuitable to application.

[0005]

[Problems to be Solved by the Invention] As for these inventor s, as for result of repeating diligent investigation concerningthis flat fiber, those which are a flat fiber which possesses specified oblateness and the single fiber fineness. long axis in preferably flat cross section being specified angle, those which include geometrywhich bending is done, as fiber for artificial hair which begins the for braid and one for extension knowledge it designated attachmenteasiness of geometry with desirable texture and crimping, and that it is superior as ease of handling of three knitting or other manual operation time this inventionreached to completion.

[0006]

[Means to Solve the Problems] Namely this invention being a s ynthetic fiber which consists of polymer, kindof cross section shape which it shows in Figure 1 with flat shape where length L of the long axis and ratio (L/W) of length W of short axis is inside range of 7/1 to 3/1, is fiber for artificial hair which designates that the single fiber fineness is range of 30 to 70 denier (Below, dyou briefly describe simply.) as feature. As for fiber for artificial hair which relates to also, Claim 2, being anabove-mentioned flat fiber, furthermore, long axis, bending or is the fiber which possesses cross section shape which curves with angle which exceeds 90°. Furthermore, as for fiber for artificial hair which relates to the Claim 3, aforementioned long axis, with 2 site, bending or is the fiber which possesses cross section shape which curves with angle which exceeds 90°. And, as for fiber for artificial hair which relates to Claim 4, beingan above-mentioned flat fiber, long axis, bending or is fiber which possesses cross section shape which curves with angle which exceeds the 120°. Furthermore, as for fiber for artificial hair which relates to the Claim 5, aforementioned long axis, bending or is something which possesses cross section shape which curves in range under 165° or greater and the 180°.

[0007] When as description above flat fiber which relates to this invention yourse, as fiber bundle for artificial hair in total fiber, cross section shape with flat shapewhere length L of long axis and ratio (L/W) of length W of the short axis is inside range of 7/1 to 3/1, fiber where and the single fiber fineness are range of 30 to 70 denier, 90 % or higher of fiber number of entiretybeing included is desirable. Furthermore, in aforementioned fiber, long axis in cross section shape, withthe 1 site or 2 site bending or fiber which possesses the cross

0~80%含まれていることが好ましい。

【0008】そして、前記のような繊維束を人工毛髪用として使用する場合、繊維に捲縮加工を施すことが好ましい。この繊維束は、ブレード、エクステンションへアー用として好適に用いられる。

[0009]

【発明の実施の態様】以下に本発明を更に詳細に説明する。本発明に係る偏平な繊維のうち、長軸が屈曲又は湾曲した繊維の場合の長軸の長さしとは、図2に示すような繊維断面における屈曲又は湾曲した長軸の長さしたし、世のとは、「(L1+L2) /W」をいう。又、前記のような偏平繊維において、長軸の2箇所で90°を超える角度 θ で屈曲又は湾曲した断面形状を有するものにおける長軸の長さは、図3(a)、(b)に示すような繊維断面における2箇所で屈曲した長軸の長さし1、 L2 及びL3の合計の長さ(L1+L2+L3) をいい、従って、前記長軸の長さしと短軸の長さWとの比(L/W)とは、「(L1+L2+L3)/W」をいう。

【〇〇1〇】前記屈曲した扁平繊維の長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWとの比(L/W)が7/1を超えて扁平なものでは、繊維の厚みが小さくなりすぎ、断面が裂けやすく、又、腰がなくなりすぎてクタクタになり、クリンプなどの形状の保持性が低下する。一方、長軸の長さ Lと短軸の長さ Wとの比(L/W)が3/1に満たないものでは、繊維の厚みが大きくなり、ソフトな触感が低下し、又、三つ編み等の手作業時の扱い易さのメリットが低下するので好ましくない。

【0011】又、長軸の屈曲部の角度 θ とは、図 2 に示す繊維断面における前記長軸 L の L 2 の角度の5 ち内角に相当する角度 θ 1 のことをいう。又、この角度の長 θ 2 の θ 2 の θ 2 の θ 2 の θ 3 (a)、(b)に示す繊維断面における長軸の屈曲部からる角度の5 ち内角に相当する角度の5 ち内角に相当するる角度の5 ち内角に相当するる角度 θ 2 のことをいう。そして、この屈曲部の角度 θ 6 を超える角度であることが好ましい。この角度 θ 7 の θ 8 を超える角度であることが好すしい。このは角度 θ 1 としくは θ 2 の。未満ではソフト感が低下する場合があり、よ、り切ましくは θ 1 0 の。 大角度 θ 1 8 に好ましくは θ 1 6 5 。以上である。一方、角度 θ 1 8

section shape which curves 50 to 80 % of fiber number of entirety being included is desirable in range under 165 ° or greater and 180 °.

[0008] When and, aforementioned way fiber bundle you use, as one forartificial hair it is desirable to administer crimping process to fiber. This fiber bundle is used for ideal as braid and one for extension hair.

[0009]

[Embodiment of execution of invention] This invention further more is explained in detail below. Among flat fiber which relate to this invention, long axis bending or thelength L of long axis when it is a fiber which curves, bending in thekind of fiber cross section which is shown in Figure 2 or it is length L1 of thelong axis which curves and length (L1 + L2) of total of L2. Therefore, ratio with length L of aforementioned long axis and thelength W of short axis (L/W) with, (it is (L1 + L2)/W). also, aforementioned way in flat fiber putting. With angle which exceeds 90° with 2 site of long axis thebending or in those which possess cross section shape which curves length L of the long axis, length L1 of long axis which bending is done, to call length (L1 + L2 + L3) of the total of L2 and L3 with 2 site in kind offiber cross section which is shown in Figure 3 (a), (b), therefore, ratio with length L of the aforementioned long axis and length W of short axis (L/W) with, (it is (L1 + L2 + L2)

[0011] Angle of bending part of also, long axis, it is L1 of theaforementioned long axis L in fiber cross section which is shown in Figure 2 and thething of angle 1 which is suitable to inside inside angle of angleof L2. With 2 site of this long axis of also, angle of bending part of the long axis in fiber which bending is done, it means thing of the angle 2 which is suitable to inside inside angle of angle of the L1 of aforementioned long axis L in fiber cross section which is shown in the Figure 3 (a), (b) and angle 1, and L2 and L3 which are suitable to inside inside angle of angle of L2. And, as for angle of this bending part it is desirable to be a anglewhich exceeds 90°. This bending angle under 90° are times when

0°、即ち直線状であると、繊維表面の金属光沢が増す場合があるため、長軸の屈曲角度 θ は 1 6 5°以上、180°未満の範囲であることが好ましい。尚、長軸における屈曲又は湾曲部の位置は特に限定はなく、適度に光沢を和らげる効果が出る位置で屈曲、又は湾曲していればよいが、長軸の長さの中間位置に近い方がより好ましい。

【0012】前記のように、繊維断面における長軸が2箇所で屈曲したものとしては、図3(a)に示すように、長軸が2箇所で互いに反対方向に屈曲する場合と、図3(b)に示すように同じ方向に屈曲する場合とがあるが、本発明の場合には、特に限定はなく、いずれか一方、若しくは両者の混合でもよい。

【0013】又、本発明の人工毛髪用繊維における単糸 繊度は前記のように30~70dである。繊度が30d 未満であると柔らかすぎて腰がないばかりか、クリンプ 等の形状保持性に劣り、商品価値が低下する。逆に70 dを超えて太い場合は断面の長軸の長さが長くなりすぎ て、太さ感が不自然となり、又、光沢も強く、ソフトな 触感に乏しくなるため、適切な繊度を選択することが必 要である。ソフトな触感を重視する意味では35~55 dの範囲がより好ましいが、繊維の素材によって剛性は 異なるため、それぞれの素材に最適な繊度が選択される べきである。

【0014】上記のような屈曲した扁平断面の繊維により人工毛髪用繊維束が作成されるが、その場合、必ずしも繊維束を構成する全ての繊維が屈曲した断面形状を軸の長さした短いる必要はなく、断面形状が長軸の長さした短期内にあるによって、単糸繊度が30~70dの範囲である繊維が、全繊維中に、全体の繊維本数の90%以下の場合に、しかもクリンプ加工等の加工性や手作業時の取り扱い性に優れたブレード用やエクステムとができるより、180°未満の範囲で風曲又は湾曲した断りりましくは、前記長軸の1箇所又は2箇所で、165°以上、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲した断りりにより、180°未満の範囲で屈曲又は湾曲した断りりによりによりによりに対しては、前記長軸の160で、160%である。

soft feel decreases, the preferably 120° or greater and more preferably 150° or greater, furthermore it is a preferably 165° or greater. On one hand, when angle is 180° namely straight line, becausethere are times when metallic luster of fiber surface increases, as for thebending angle of long axis it is desirable to be a range under 165° or greater andthe 180°. Furthermore as for position of bending or curved part in thelong axis as for especially limitation it is not and if bending and the or it had been supposed to have curved at position where theeffect which alleviates gloss moderately is produced, but onewhich is close to intermediate position of length of long axis is moredesirable.

[0012] Aforementioned way, long axis in fiber cross section being 2 site, asshown in Figure 3 (a) as bending is done, long axis being 2 site, mutually bending it does in opposite direction when and, as shown in the Figure 3 (b), there are with times when bending it does in samedirection, but in case of this invention, there is not especially limitation, is good even with mixture of any one, or both.

[0013] Single fiber fineness in fiber for artificial hair of also, this invention aforementionedway is 30 to 70d. When fineness is under 30d, being too soft, body harbornot to be, being inferior to crimp or other shape retention, commercial value decreases. Exceeding 70d conversely, when it is thick, length of thelong axis of cross section becoming too long, because thickness impression becomes unnatural, also also, gloss is strong, becomes scanty in the soft feel, it is necessary to select appropriate fineness. In sense that soft feel is seriously considered range of 35 to 55dis more desirable, but as for stiffness because it differs, it is gooddue to material of fiber for optimum fineness to be selected to the respective material.

[0014] Fiber bundle for artificial hair is drawn up as description above by fiber of oblate cross section which bending is done, but, That when, all fiber which always forms fiber bundle bending necessity to havepossessed cross section shape which is done it to be, cross section shape length L of long axis and ratio (L/W) of length W of the short axis is inside range of 7/1 to 3/1 with flat shape where, If fiber where and single fiber fineness are range of 30 to 70d isincluded, in total fiber, 90 % or higher of fiber number of entirety, soft texture which is made objective of this invention can be granted, furthermore thefiber bundle for artificial hair which begins for braid and one for extension hairwhich are superior in handling property at time of crimping or other fabricability and manual operationcan be acquired. Furthermore with 1 site or 2 site of preferably and theaforementioned long axis, bending or fiber which possesses cross section shapewhich curves, in total fiber, 50 to 80 % of fiber number of entirety is tobe included in range under 165° or greater and 180°.

【0015】本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維を構成する重 合体として、アクリル系重合体を用いる場合には、繊維 の耐熱性の観点から、通常、アクリロニトリルを30重 量%以上含有している重合体が用いられる。又、アクリ ロニトリルの他にこれと共重合しうるビニル系単量体を 用いて共重合してもよい。共重合しうるビニル系単量体 としては、塩化ビニル、塩化ビニリデン、臭化ビニル、 臭化ビニリデン、アクリル酸エステル、メタクリル酸エ ステル、アクリルアミド、メタクリルアミド、又はそれ らのモノ、又はジアルキル置換体、アクリル酸、メタク リル酸、イタコン酸、スチレンスルホン酸、メタリルス ルホン酸、メタクロイルオキシベンゼンスルホン酸、メ タクロイルオキシプロピルスルホン酸、又はこれらの金 属塩類、及びアンモニウムやアミン塩類、グリシジルア クリレート、グリシジルメタクリレート、アクリルグリ シジルエーテル、メタリルグリシジルエーテル等がある 。この中でも、塩化ビニル、塩化ビニリデンが好ましい

【0016】上記のような重合体を、有機溶剤、例えばアセトン、アセトニトリル、ジメチルホルムアミド等に溶解させて紡糸原液とする。尚、必要に応じて、耐光性等に効果のある安定剤等を添加してもよい。又、光沢の調整のために種々の添加剤を適量加えても差し支えない。更に、着色繊維とするために、適宜顔料、染料等を使用してもよい。

【0017】更に、前記重合体として、重合度600~1500である塩化ビニル単体の重合体、又は該重合度で酢酸ビニル等の他の単量体と共重合した塩化ビニルを主体とする共重合体、又は両者の混合物を用いることができる。

【0018】又、本発明の人工毛髪用繊維は、ポリプロピレン等のポリオレフィン、ナイロン、又はポリエステルから製造することもできる。

【 O O 1 9 】本発明の繊維を製造するにあたって、紡糸ノズルは、湿式紡糸法の場合には、図4 (a) ~ (c) に示すような孔形状のものを使用すれば良く、凝固浴での条件を適宜調整することにより、目的とする屈曲、湾曲を有する断面形状の繊維が得られる。又、乾式や溶融紡糸法の場合には、図5 (a) ~ (c) に示すような、扁平で、屈曲又は湾曲した目的とする繊維の断面形状に近い孔形状のものを使用することが好ましい。

【 0 0 2 0】上記のような本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維 を頭飾用繊維束とする場合には、繊維に捲縮加工を施す ことが好ましい。本発明でいう捲縮加工とは、例えば、

[0015] When acrylic polymer is used as polymer which forms f iber for theartificial hair which relates to this invention, from viewpoint of heat resistance of the fiber, it can use polymer which usually, 30 weight % or more contains acrylonitrile. It is possible to copolymerize making use of vinyl monomer which it cancopolymerize with this to other than also, acrylonitrile. It can copolymerize as vinyl monomer which, vinyl chloride, vinylidene chloride, vinyl bromide, vinylidene bromide, acrylic acid ester, methacrylic acid ester, the acrylamide, methacrylamide and or those mono, or dialkyl-substitutedbody, acrylic acid, methacrylic acid, itaconic acid, styrene sulfonic acid, methallyl sulfonic acid, the methacryloyl oxy benzenesulfonic acid, methacryloyl oxypropyl sulfonic acid and or these metal salt, there is a and aammonium and a amine salts, a glycidyl acrylate, a glycidyl methacrylate, a acrylic glycidyl ether and a methallyl glycidyl ether etc. Even among these, vinyl chloride and vinylidene chloride are desirable.

[0016] As description above melting polymer, in organic solve nt, for example acetone, the acetonitrile and dimethylformamide, etc it makes spinning dope. Furthermore it is possible to add stabilizer etc which haseffect in according to need and light resistance etc. suitable amount adding various additive for adjusting also, gloss, it does not become inconvenient. Furthermore, in order to make colored fiber, it is possible to use asneeded pigment and dye etc.

[0017] Furthermore, polymer of vinyl chloride unit which is a degree of polymerization 600 to 1500 as theaforementioned polymer, copolymer, or both whichdesignate vinyl acetate or other other monomer and vinyl chloride which is copolymerizedas main component with or said degree of polymerization blend can be used.

[0018] Fiber for artificial hair of also, this invention can also produce, from polypropylene or other polyolefin, the nylon, or polyester.

[0019] When fiber of this invention is produced, fiber of cross s ection shape whichpossesses bending and curve which are made objective by factthat spinneret, in case of wet spinning method, if those of kind of hole shapewhich is shown in Figure 4 (a) to (c) are used, is good, adjusts condition withthe coagulation bath appropriately, is acquired. In case of also, dry type and melt spinning method, it seems that is shown in the Figure 5 (a) to (c), with flat, bending or it is desirable to use those of the hole shape which is close to cross section shape of fiber which is made theobjective which curves.

[0020] When as description above fiber for artificial hair which relates to thethis invention is designated as fiber bundle for head ornament, it is desirable toadminister crimping process to fiber.

2本の歯車状のロールに繊維を挟んで連続的に波形形状を付与するギアークリンプ方式や、蒸気等で加熱した繊維をスタフィンボックス等に連続的に押し込んで波形形状を付与する方法を指すものである。これらの方法により、目的とする商品に合った波形形状を付与することで、ブレード、エクステンションへアー等の加工性も向上し、繊維の光沢を適度に調節した繊維束が得られる。

【 O O 2 1 】上記のような本発明の人工毛髪用繊維及び 繊維束は、かつら、ヘアピース、ブレード、エクステン ションヘアー、ドールヘアー等の頭髪装飾用として用い るものであるが、ギアークリンプ等の捲縮加工を施した 繊維束は、上記頭飾用繊維束の中でも、特にブレード、 エクステンションヘアー等に好適である。

[0022]

【実施例】

〈実施例1>アクリルニトリル49重量%、塩化ビニル 50重量%、スチレンスルホン酸ソーダ1重量%からな る共重合体樹脂をアセトンに溶解して28.5重量%の 紡糸原液を調製した。該原液を楕円型ノズル(長軸幅O . 70mm、短軸幅0. 35mm、孔数50ケ)を用い て、30重量%のアセトン水溶液中に湿式紡糸した。得 られた繊維は50℃~60℃の温水浴中で、2.2倍延 伸し、次いで120℃で乾燥後、2.8倍の熱延伸を行 い、更に145℃で緩和熱処理を施した。この繊維の単 糸繊度は4.0 dであり、又、この繊維の断面形状を走査 電子顕微鏡を用いて観察したところ、長軸の一箇所で屈 曲し、該繊維の平均屈曲角度が150°で、且つ長軸の 長さL(L1 + L2)と短軸の長さWとの比(L/W) = (4.7/1)である繊維が、全繊維中に、全体の繊 維本数の23%、長軸の2箇所で屈曲し、該繊維の平均 屈曲角度が131.5°で、且つ長軸の長さL(L1+ L2 + L3) と短軸の長さWとの比(L/W) = (4. 9/1)である繊維が同じく58%、又、屈曲がなくほ ぼ扁平で、且つ長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWとの比(L /W) = (5/1) である繊維が同じく11%、更にラ ンダムに変形した断面の繊維が8%混在していた。

【0023】次に、上記のようにして得られた繊維に、直線距離100mmの間に山と谷の繰り返し単位で平均10個、山の高さと谷の深さとの合計が平均で7mmとなるギアークリンプ加工を施し、略波形の繊維束とした

crimping process as it is called in this invention, putting between fiber tothe roll of gear shape of for example 2, pushing in fiber which itheats with gear crimp system and vapor etc which grant waveform geometry to the continuous into continuous in \times tough \times box, etc is something which points to method which grants waveform geometry. With these method, by fact that waveform geometry which is agreeable to the product which is made objective is granted, also braid and extension hair or other fabricability improve, fiber bundle which adjusted luster of fiber moderately is acquired.

[0021] As description above fiber and fiber bundle for artificial hair of thethis invention are something which it uses at same time and others, as the hair piece , braid , extension hair and one for $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{\sc hair}}}}$ - jpl1 hair or other headhair decoration, but fiber bundlewhich administers gear crimp or other crimping process, even in fiber bundle for above-mentionedhead ornament, ideal especially is braid and extension hair etc.

[0022]

[Working Example(s)]

<Working Example 1> Melting copolymer resin which consists of acrylonitrile 49 weight %, vinyl chloride 50 weight % and sodium styrene sulfonate 1 wt%in acetone, it manufactured spinning dope of 28.5 weight %. said starting liquid wet spinning was done in acetone water solution of 30 weight % making use of the elliptic nozzle (long axis width 0.70 mm, short axis width 0.35 mm and number of holes 50). , fiber which is acquired 2. 2 times drawing in warm water bathof 50 °C to 60 °C, after drying, did hot drawing of 2. 8 times next with the 120 °C, furthermore administered relaxation heat treatment with 145 °C. As for single fiber fineness of this fiber being a 40d, to be, cross section shape of this fiber of also, was observed making use of thescanning electron microscope place, With one site of long axis bending to do, Even bending angle of said fiber 150° being, Is a ratio (L/W) = (4.7/1) of length L(L1 + L2) of and long axis and thelength W of short axis fiber which, To in total fiber, 23 % of fiber number of entirety, With 2 site of long axis bending to do, Even bending angle of said fiber being 1 31 .5°, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) = (4.9/1) of length L(L1 + L2 + L3) of and long axis and length Wof short axis was not a 58 % and a also, bending similarly and almost with theflat, fiber of cross section which fiber which is a ratio (L/W)=(5/1) of length L of and long axis and length W of the short axis 11 %, furthermore becomes deformed similarly in randomhad existed together 8 %.

[0023] To next, In fiber which it acquires as description above, between straight line distance 100 mmthe even 10, total of height of crest and depth of the valley being even with repeat unit of peaks and valleys, gear crimping which becomes 7 mm

後、一般的なブレード商品である5g×30段の三つ編み商品を作成し、嵩、ソフト感、加工性の3項目について、5段階評価を行った。

【0024】 <比較例1>アクリルニトリル49重量% 、塩化ビニル50重量%、スチレンスルホン酸ソーダ1 重量%からなる共重合体樹脂をアセトンに溶解して28 . 5重量%の紡糸原液を調製した。該原液を楕円型ノズ ル(長軸幅0.85mm、短軸幅0.10mm、孔数5 0ケ)を用いて、30重量%のアセトン水溶液中に湿式 紡糸した。得られた繊維は50℃~60℃の温水浴中で 、 2. 2倍延伸し、次いで 1 2 0℃で乾燥後、 2. 8倍 の熱延伸を行い、更に145℃で緩和熱処理を施した。 この繊維の単糸繊度は40dであり、又、この繊維の断 面形状を走査電子顕微鏡を用いて観察したところ屈曲が 無くほぼ扁平で、且つ長軸の長さしと短軸の長さWとの 比(L/W) = (10/1) である繊維が、全繊維中、 全体の繊維本数の95%存在していた。残りの5%は緩 やかな角度で湾曲したり、長軸の端部で断面が破断した ものである。得られた繊維を実施例1と同様の方法で三 つ編み商品を作成し評価したが、繊維の腰がほとんどな く、クタクタの触感であり、光沢も強すぎて、商品性の 低いものであった。

【0025】 <比較例2>アクリルニトリル49重量% 、塩化ビニル50重量%、スチレンスルホン酸ソーダ1 重量%からなる共重合体樹脂をアセトンに溶解して28 5重量%の紡糸原液を調製した。該原液を楕円型ノズ ル (長軸幅 0. 424 mm、短軸幅 0. 212 mm、孔 数72ケ)を用いて、30重量%のアセトン水溶液中に 湿式紡糸した。得られた繊維は50℃~60℃の温水浴 中で、1. 4倍延伸し、次いで120℃で乾燥後、2. 5倍の熱延伸を行い、更に145℃で緩和熱処理を施し た。この繊維の単糸繊度は35dであり、又、この繊維 の断面形状を走査電子顕微鏡を用いて観察したところ、 長軸の一箇所で屈曲し、該繊維の平均屈曲角度が120 °で、且つ長軸の長さL(L1 + L2)と短軸の長さW との比(L/W) = (2.5/1) である繊維が、全繊 維中、全体の繊維本数の45%、長軸の2箇所で屈曲し 、該繊維の平均屈曲角度が120°で、且つ長軸の長さ L (L1 + L2+ L3) と短軸の長さWとの比(L/W) = (2.8/1)である繊維が同じく27%、又、屈曲 がなくほぼ扁平で、且つ長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWと の比 (L/W) = (2. 5/1) である繊維が同じく2 1%、更にランダムに変形した断面の繊維が同じく7% 混在していた。得られた繊維は実施例1と同様の方法で 三つ編み商品を作成し評価したが、光沢は自然であるも のの繊維が硬く、ソフトな触感に乏しい商品となった。

was administered, after making fiber bundle of the abbreviation waveform, three knitting product of 5g X 30-stage which is a general braid productwere drawn up, 5-step ranking was done concerning 3 items of bulk, the soft feel and fabricability.

[0024] < Comparative Example 1> Melting copolymer resin whi ch consists of acrylonitrile 49 weight %, vinyl chloride 50 weight % and sodium styrene sulfonate 1 wt%in acetone, it manufactured spinning dope of 28.5 weight %. said starting liquid wet spinning was done in acetone water solution of 30 weight % making use of the elliptic nozzle (long axis width 0. 85 mm, short axis width 0.10 mm and number of holes 50). fiber which is acquired 2. 2 times drawing in warm water bathof 50 °C to 60 °C, after drying, did hot drawing of 2. 8 times next with the 120 °C, furthermore administered relaxation heat treatment with 145 °C. single fiber fineness of this fiber was 40d, when cross section shape of this fiber of the also, is observed making use of scanning electron microscope there was not a bendingand almost with flat, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) =(10/1) of the length L of and long axis and length W of short axis existed,in total fiber, 95 % of fiber number of entirety. Remaining 5 % curves with mild angle, it is something which the cross section breaks with end of long axis. fiber which is acquired it drew up three knitting product with method which is similar to Working Example 1 and appraised, but therewas not a body of fiber for most part, it was a feel of the クタクタ, also gloss being too strong, it was something where the saleable is low.

[0025] < Comparative Example 2> Melting copolymer resin whi ch consists of acrylonitrile 49 weight %, vinyl chloride 50 weight % and sodium styrene sulfonate 1 wt%in acetone, it manufactured spinning dope of 28.5 weight %. said starting liquid wet spinning was done in acetone water solution of 30 weight % making use of the elliptic nozzle (long axis width 0. 424 mm, short axis width 0.212 mm and number of holes 72). , fiber which is acquired 1. 4-fold drawing in warm water bathof 50 °C to 60 °C, after drying, did hot drawing of 2. 5 times next with the 120 °C, furthermore administered relaxation heat treatment with 145 °C. As for single fiber fineness of this fiber being a 35d, to be, cross section shape of this fiber of also, was observed making use of thescanning electron microscope place, With one site of long axis bending to do, Even bending angle of said fiber 120° being, Is a ratio (L/W) = (2.5/1) of length L(L1 + L2) of and long axis and thelength W of short axis fiber which, Inside of total fiber, 45 % of fiber number of entirety, With 2 site of long axis bending to do, Even bending angle of said fiber 120° being, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) = (2.8/1) of length L(L1 + L2 + L3) of and thelong axis and length W of short axis was not a 27% and a also, bending similarly and almost with flat, fiber of cross section which fiberwhich is a ratio (L/W) = (2.5/1) of length L of and long axis and the length W of short axis 21 %,

【0026】〈実施例2〉極限粘度が0.53のポリエチレンテレフタレートを、溶融押し出し機にて紡糸した。使用ノズルは扁平型(長軸幅0.98mm、短軸270~285℃で引き取り速度は400m/minで行った。得られた繊維を引き続き80℃熱水中にて2倍延伸し、140℃にで要に85℃熱水中にて2.5倍延伸し、140℃に一ターロールにて熱処理を施した。この繊維の単糸繊度であり、又、この繊維の断面形状を走査電で、しまらであり、又、この繊維の断面形状を走査電で、135dであり、又、この繊維の断が無くほぼ、到りである、120元を表さいた。強を用いて観察したところ、25/1)である繊維が、全繊維中、全体の繊維本の98%存在していた。残りの2%は緩やかな角度で湾はの方法で三つ編み商品を作成し評価した。

【0027】〈実施例3〉重合度が1200であるポリ 塩化ビニル樹脂をN、N-ジメチルホルムアミドに溶解 して20重量%の紡糸原液を調製した。該原液を扁平型 ノズル(長軸幅0.85mm、短軸幅0.15mm、孔 数50ケ)を用いて、60重量%のN、N-ジメチルホ ルムアミド水溶液中に湿式紡糸した。得られた繊維は5 O重量%のN、Nージメチルホルムアミド水溶液中で2 倍延伸し、50℃以上の温水で水洗した後、120℃で 乾燥後、2倍の延伸を行ない、更に135℃で緩和熱処 理を施した。この繊維の単糸繊度は45 dであり、又、 この繊維の断面形状を走査電子顕微鏡を用いて観察した ところ、長軸の一箇所で屈曲し、該繊維の平均屈曲角度 が170°で、且つ長軸の長さし(L1 + L2)と短軸 の長さWとの比(L/W) = (5.5/1)である繊維 が、全繊維中、全体の繊維本数の75%、又、屈曲がな くほぼ扁平で、且つ長軸の長さLと短軸の長さWとの比 (L/W) = 6/1である繊維が同じく25%であった 。又、前記長軸の一ケ所で屈曲したもののうち、その屈 曲角度が165。以上180。未満の断面形状のものの 本数が同じく71%であった。

【0028】 <実施例4>MI (JIS K7210に よるメルトインデックス) = 10g/10minのポリ プロピレンを、溶融押し出し機にて扁平型ノズル(長軸 furthermore becomes deformedsimilarly in random had existed together 7 % similarly. fiber which is acquired drew up three knitting product with method which is similar to Working Example 1 and appraised, but it became product where as for gloss fiber of those which are anatural is hard, is lacking in soft feel

[0026] < Working Example 2> Intrinsic viscosity spinning did p olyethylene terephthalate of 0.53, with melt extruder. Use nozzle used flat type (long axis width 0.98 mm, short axis width 0.20 mm and number of holes 20). spinning temperature with 270 to 285 °C did take-up speed with 400 m/min. fiber which is acquired continuing and 2 times drawingin 80 °C hot water, furthermore 2, 5 times drawing in 85 °C hot water, itadministered heat treatment with 140 °C heater roll, single fiber fineness of this fiber was 35d, when cross section shape of this fiber of the also, is observed making use of scanning electron microscope, there was not a bending and almost with flat, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) = (4.5/1) of thelength L of and long axis and length W of short axis existed in total fiber, 98 % of fiber number of entirety. Remaining 2 % is something which curves with mild angle. fiber which is acquired drew up three knitting product with method which is similar to Working Example 1 and appraised.

[0027] < Working Example 3> Melting polyvinyl chloride resin where degree of polymerization is 1200 in N,Ndimethylformamide, itmanufactured spinning dope of 20 weight %. said starting liquid wet spinning was done in N,Ndimethylformamide aqueous solution of 60 weight % making use of the flat type nozzle (long axis width 0.85 mm, short axis width 0.15 mm and number of holes 50). , fiber which is acquired 2 times drawing in N,N-dimethylformamide aqueous solution of 50 weight %, with warm water of 50 °C or higher water wash after doing, afterdrying, did drawing of 2 times with 120 °C, furthermoreadministered relaxation heat treatment with 135 °C. As for single fiber fineness of this fiber being a 45d, to be, cross section shape of this fiber of also, was observed making use of the scanning electron microscope place, bending it does with one site of long axis, fiber where theeven bending angle of said fiber is 170°, is ratio (L/W) = (5.5/1)of the length L(L1 + L2) of and long axis and length W of short axis, in the total fiber, 75 % of fiber number of entirety, was not a also, bending and almost with flat, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) =6/1 of length L of the and long axis and length W of short axis was 25 %similarly. Among those which bending are done, bending angle number of those of the cross section shape under 165° or greater 180° was 71% similarly with one place of the also, aforementioned long axis.

[0028] <Working Example 4> Polypropylene of MI (It depend s on JIS K7210 melt index) = 10 g/10 min, with melt extruder melt spinning was done to the spinning tube through 【0029】以上の実施例1~4、及び比較例1、2の結果を下記の表1に示す。

[0030]

【表 1】

flat type nozzle (long axis width $0.6~\mathrm{mm}$, short axis width $0.2~\mathrm{mm}$ and number of holes 20). As for spinning temperature as for take-up speed it was a 200 m/min with 240 to 265 °C. Furthermore 4-fold drawing this, it acquires as for fiber which, cross section becoming deformed a little, with 1 site of long axis thebending to do, Even bending angle being 172°, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) =(4.2/1) of the length L(L1 + L2) of and long axis and length W of short axis, inthe total fiber, 70 % of fiber number of entirety, was not a also, bending andalmost with flat, fiber which is a ratio (L/W) =(4.6/1) of thelength L of and long axis and length W of short axis was the 30 % similarly. single fiber fineness of this fiber was 35d.

[0029] Working Example 1 to 4 above, result of and Compara tive Example 1, 2 is shown in the below-mentioned Table 1.

[0030]

[Table 1]

表 1

	単糸機度	篇平比(L/W) (平均)	断面形状	プレード評価			
				拖	ソフト 感	加工性	総合
実施例 1	40d	4.7/1 ~ 5.0/1	1~2箇所屈曲	3	5	5	5
比較例1	40d	10/1	屈曲無し	2	3	3	3
比較例2	3 5 d	2.5/1 ~ 2.8/1	1~2箇所屈曲	3	2	3	3
実施例 2	3 5 d	4.5/1	屈曲無し	3	5	5	5
実施例3	45 d	5.6/1	1 箇所屈曲	2	5	5	5
実施例 4	3 5 d	4.3/1	1 箇所屈曲	4	4	4	4

[0031]

[0031]

注)評価方法及び評価基準

(器)

方法=外観による。

基準=5:非常に優れる。

4:優れる。

3:普通。

2:やや劣る。

1:劣る。

(ソフト感)

方法=官能テストによる。

基準=5:ソフト感非常に良好。

4:ソフト感良好。

3:特徴無し。

2:ややソフト過ぎる、又はやや硬過ぎる。

1:柔らかすぎ(腰が無い)、又は硬過ぎ。

(加工性)

方法=三つ編みの官能評価による。

基準=5:非常に優れる。

4:優れる。

3:普通。

2:やや劣る。

1:劣る。

(総合)

基準=5:非常に優れる。

4:優れる。

3:普通。

2:やや劣る。

1:劣る。

[0032]

【発明の効果】上記のように、本発明に係る人工毛髪用 繊維は、特定の断面形状を有しており、ブレード用、エ クステンション・ヘアー用をはじめとする人工毛髪用繊 維としての好ましい風合と、クリンプ加工等の加工性や 、手作業時の扱い易さに優れたものである。

【 0 0 3 3 】更に、これらの繊維にギアークリンプ等の 捲縮加工を施した繊維束を用いることにより、常高性に 優れたブレード、エクステンションへアー用等の頭飾用 商品を得ることができる。

【図面の簡単な説明】

[0032]

[Effects of the Invention] As description above, as fiber for artificial hair where fiber forthe artificial hair which relates to this invention has had specific cross section shape, begins for braid and one for extension * hair it is something which issuperior in ease of handling at time of desirable texture and crimping or other fabricability and manual operation.

[0033] Furthermore, braid and product for or other head ornam ent of the extension hair which are superior in bulk by using fiber bundle whichadministers gear crimp or other crimping process to these fiber, can be acquired.

[Brief Explanation of the Drawing(s)]

【図1】 本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維の断面説明図であり、長軸の屈曲がほとんどない例を示すものである。

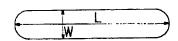
【図2】 本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維の断面説明図であり、長軸が1箇所で屈曲した繊維の例を示す。

【図3】 (a)、(b)共に、本発明に係る人工毛髪 用繊維の断面説明図であり、(a)は長軸が2箇所で互 いに反対方向へ屈曲した例を示すものであり、(b)は 長軸が2箇所で同じ方向へ屈曲した例を示すものである

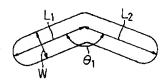
【図4】 本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維を製造するための紡糸ノズルの孔形状を示す概略図であり、(a)~(c)はいずれも湿式紡糸法で用いるものの例を示したものである。

【図5】 本発明に係る人工毛髪用繊維を製造するための紡糸ノズルの孔形状を示す概略図であり、(a)~(c)はいずれも溶融紡糸法で用いるものの例を示したものである。

【図1】



[図2]



[Figure 1] It is a cross section explanatory diagram of fiber for artificial hair which relates to this invention, it is something which shows example which for most part doesnot have bending of long axis.

[Figure 2] It is a cross section explanatory diagram of fiber for artificial hair which relates to this invention, the long axis is 1 site and example of fiber which bending is done is shown.

[Figure 3] (A) (b) Together, it is a cross section explanatory di agram of fiber for artificial hair which relates to the this invention, (a) long axis being 2 site, mutually is something which shows example which bending is done to opposite direction, (b) the long axis being 2 site, is something which shows example which the bending is done to same direction.

[Figure 4] It is a conceptual diagram which shows hole shape of spinneret in order to produce the fiber for artificial hair which relates to this invention, (a) to (c) issomething which shows example of those which in each case are used with wet spinning method.

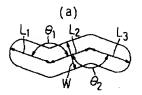
[Figure 5] It is a conceptual diagram which shows hole shape of spinneret in order to produce the fiber for artificial hair which relates to this invention, (a) to (c) issomething which shows example of those which in each case are used with melt spinning method.

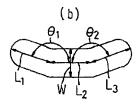
[Figure 1]

[Figure 2]

[図3]

[Figure 3]

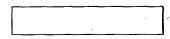




【図4】

[Figure 4]

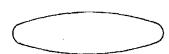
(a)



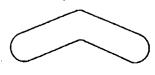
(b)



(c)



(a)



(b)



(c)

